

Algebraization of Language Metatheory

The Case of Coeffects

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Logical Aspects of Abstract Syntax

$\Gamma \vdash t \triangleright T$

$t \rightarrow s$

$\langle \sigma, t \rangle \Downarrow v$

$\phi \vdash \psi$

$t \approx s$

$p \Vdash \phi$

$\forall t, s, T. (t \triangleright T \ \& \ t \rightarrow s) \supset s \triangleright T$

$\forall t, s_1, s_2. (t \Downarrow s_1 \ \& \ t \Downarrow s_2) \supset s_1 = s_2$

$\forall t, s. t \approx s \supset C[t] \approx C[s]$

confluence, normalization

type safety, congruence

cut elimination, parametricity

...

Logical Predicates
on
Abstract Syntax

Logical Properties
( **Language Metatheory**)

A **general** theory of these logical aspects using **algebra**
(**Algebraic Logic**)

- NATURAL ALGEBRA OF STRUCTURAL PREDICATES
- ALGEBRAIC ACCOUNT OF LOGICAL AND SYNTACTIC STRUCTURE
- SYNTAX-INDEPENDENT LANGUAGE METATHEORY

This Talk:

- Overview of **algebras of predicates over term structures**
- Extensions to **quantitative** and **graded predicates** (↔ **coeffects**)

Algebras of Abstract Predicates

BOOLE, DE MORGAN, PEIRCE, SCHRÖDER, ...

LOGIC = ALGEBRAS OF PREDICATES OVER A DOMAIN OF OBJECTS

W
UNIVERSE
OF
DISCOURSE

\rightsquigarrow $\mathcal{P}_{\text{red}}(W)$

ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURE

- $a \leq b$ LOGICAL ENTAILMENT
- $a \wedge b, a \vee b, \dots$ LOGICAL FORM

$$\text{Pred}(W) \triangleq \text{Rel}(W, W)$$

ALGEBRA OF PREDICATES = ALGEBRA OF RELATIONS

DIAGONAL

 Δ

$$\{(x, x) \mid x \in W\}$$

CONVERSE

 a°

$$\{(y, x) \mid (x, y) \in a\}$$

COMPOSITION

 $a; b$

$$\{(x, z) \mid \exists y. (x, y) \in a \ \& \ (y, z) \in b\}$$

IMPLICATION

 $a \rightarrow b$

$$\{(w, v) \mid \forall u. (u, w) \in a \Rightarrow (u, v) \in b\}$$

 $b \leftarrow a$

$$\{(w, v) \mid \forall u. (v, u) \in a \Rightarrow (w, u) \in b\}$$

ITERATION

 a^*

$$\bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} a^{(n)}$$

RELATION ALGEBRA(S) = ABSTRACT ALGEBRAS OF RELATIONS

A
ABSTRACT
RELATIONS

+ { $\wedge, \vee, \dots, \Delta, \vdash, ()^{\circ}, \dots$ }

RELATION
OPERATIONS

+ $(a \rightarrow a)^* = a \rightarrow a$
 $a^* = \Delta \vee a; a^*$

ALGEBRAIC LAWS

RELATION ALGEBRA(S) = ABSTRACT ALGEBRAS OF RELATIONS

A
ABSTRACT
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+ $\{\wedge, \vee, \dots, \Delta, ;, ()^0, \dots\}$
RELATION
OPERATIONS

+ $(a \rightarrow a)^* = a \rightarrow a$
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ALGEBRAIC LAWS

EXPRESSIVENESS

CONFLUENCE $*\leftarrow ; \rightarrow^* \leq \rightarrow^*; \leftarrow^*$

EQUIVALENCE $\Delta \leq \approx, \approx^0 \leq \approx, \approx ; \approx \leq \approx$

PROGRESS $\triangleleft ; \rightarrow \leq \triangleleft$

WF-INDUCTION $x \leq x; a \Rightarrow x \leq \perp$

CHURCH-ROSSER, NEWMAN'S LEMMA, ...

BUT **NOT** EXPRESSIVE ENOUGH

- OPERATIONS TO FORM COMPOUND LOGICAL PREDICATES,
BUT NOT FOR THE **STRUCTURE OF 'ATOMIC' PREDICATES**

$t \rightarrow s$
 $\langle t, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow v$
 $t \cong s$
 $\varphi \vdash \psi$
 \vdots

DEFINED USING **TERM STRUCTURE**

- STRUCTURAL RECURSION
- PATTERN MATCHING
- SUBSTITUTION
- \vdots

BUT NOT EXPRESSIVE ENOUGH

- OPERATIONS TO FORM COMPLEX LOGICAL PREDICATES, BUT NOT FOR THE STRUCTURE OF 'ATOMIC' PREDICATES

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DEFINED USING TERM STRUCTURE

- STRUCTURAL RECURSION
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- CAN EXPRESS LOGICAL PROPERTIES, BUT NOT STRUCTURAL ONES (e.g. BISIMILARITY IS A CONGRUENCE)

BUT NOT EXPRESSIVE ENOUGH

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$$\left. \begin{array}{l} t \rightarrow s \\ \langle t, \sigma \rangle \Downarrow v \\ t \cong s \\ \varphi \vdash \psi \\ \vdots \end{array} \right\}$$

DEFINED USING TERM STRUCTURE

- STRUCTURAL RECURSION
- PATTERN MATCHING
- SUBSTITUTION
-

- CAN EXPRESS LOGICAL PROPERTIES, BUT NOT STRUCTURAL ONES (e.g. BISIMILARITY IS A CONGRUENCE)
- CAN ALGEBRAIZE LOGICAL REASONING, BUT NOT STRUCTURAL ONES

RA = ALGEBRAS OF ABSTRACT PREDICATES

$\text{Rel}(W, W) \rightsquigarrow$ NO REFERENCE TO (THE STRUCTURE OF) W

ALGEBRAS OF STRUCTURAL PREDICATES

$\text{Struct} \rightsquigarrow \text{Pred}(\text{Struct})$

├── LOGICAL FORM
└── STRUCTURAL FORM

Algebras of Term Predicates

GENERAL APPROACH

STRUCTURE

\mathcal{S}



$\text{Pred}(U \mathcal{S})$

CARRIER

OPERATIONS

INTERNALISE STRUCTURE AS

ALGEBRAIC OPERATIONS ON PREDICATES

STRUCTURAL REASONING

LOGICAL REASONING



EXAMPLES

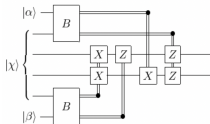
$$\underbrace{(W, \mathcal{R})}_{\text{RELATIONAL STRUCTURE}} \rightsquigarrow \underbrace{\text{Prop}(W) + \{\Box, \Diamond\}}_{\text{MODAL LOGIC}}$$

$$\underbrace{(W, \cdot, \mathbb{1})}_{\text{MONOID}} \rightsquigarrow \underbrace{\text{Prop}(W) + \{\cdot, \mathbb{1}, \backslash, / \}}_{\text{LAMBEEK CALCULUS}}$$

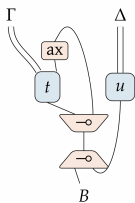
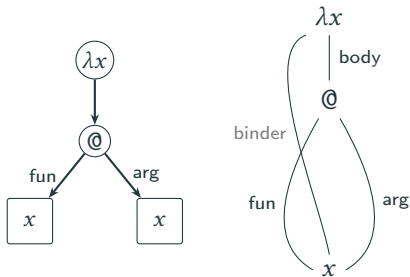
$$\underbrace{(W, *)}_{\text{PAIR STRUCTURE}} \rightsquigarrow \underbrace{\text{Rel}(W) + \{\dots, \Delta, ;, \dots, \nabla\}}_{\text{FORK ALGEBRA}}$$

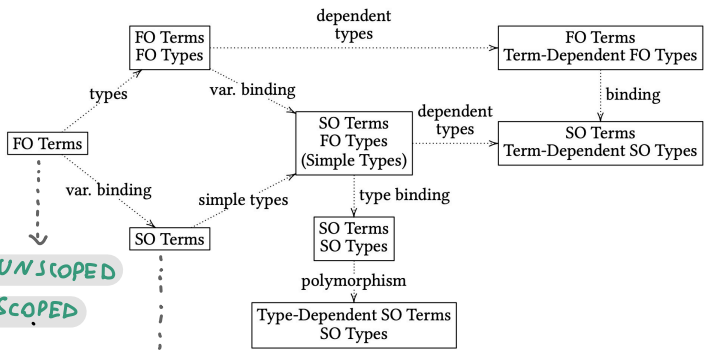
WHAT ABOUT TERM STRUCTURE?

$$\lambda x.x(x) \quad \prod_{x:A} \text{refl}(x) : x =_A x \quad \left(\sum_{n \geq 0} 2^n \right) + \int_a^b e^{ax} dx$$



Abstract Syntax





UNSCOPED

SCOPED

INDUCTIVE TYPES

QUOTIENT INDUCTIVE TYPES

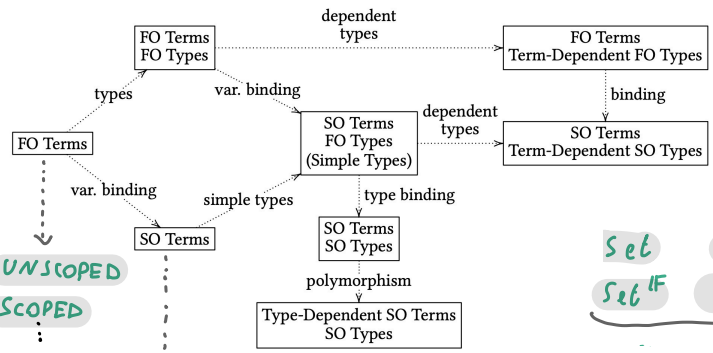
NESTED TYPES

QUOTIENT INDUCTIVE INDUCTIVE TYPES

STRING DIAGRAMS

⋮

WHAT ABOUT TERM STRUCTURE ?



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INDUCTIVE TYPES

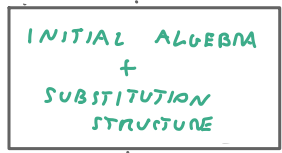
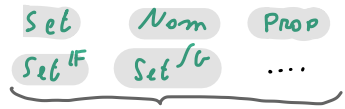
QUOTIENT INDUCTIVE TYPES

NESTED TYPES

QUOTIENT INDUCTIVE INDUCTIVE TYPES

STRING DIAGRAMS

⋮



Σ -Monoids

MONADS

MODULES

MAIN RESULT, I [LICS 2023]

(i) 'ALL' TERM STRUCTURES INDUCE ESSENTIALLY THE SAME ALGEBRA OF RELATIONS

(ii) THIS ALGEBRA FAITHFULLY INTERNALISE THE SYNTAX STRUCTURE OF TERMS AS ALGEBRAIC OPERATIONS

(iii) THIS ALGEBRA CAN BE AXIOMATISED AS AN ABSTRACT ALGEBRA OF (TERM) RELATIONS

TERM RELATION ALGEBRAS (TRA_s)

VARIABLES

$$\Delta \eta \leq \Delta$$

OPERATIONS

$$\widetilde{a}; b = \widetilde{a}; \widetilde{b}$$

$$\widetilde{a}^\circ = \widetilde{a}^\circ$$

⋮

RELATOR

RECURSION

$$a^\dagger \text{ UNIQUE SOLUTION } x = \widehat{x}; a$$

$$\Delta^\dagger = \Delta$$

INITIAL ALGEBRA

SUBSTITUTION

$$a[\Delta \eta] = a = \Delta \eta[a]$$

$$a[b[c]] = (a[b])[c]$$

MONOIDAL

$$a[b] \leq c \Leftrightarrow a \leq b \gg c$$

MONOIDAL CLOSED

$$\widetilde{a}[b] \leq \widetilde{a}[b]$$

STRENGTH

COMMENTS

- TDA_s ARISE CANONICALLY FROM SYNTAX STRUCTURES
- THEY EXPLAIN MANY OPERATIONAL CONSTRUCTIONS [LASSEN]

a^+ { HOWE'S EXTENSION
PARALLEL REDUCTION } INITIAL ALGEBRA

COMMENTS

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- TDA_s ARE SYNTAX-INDEPENDENT
 - ↳ DEEP INVARIANT OF SYNTAX (GIRARD)
 - ↳ ALL TDA THEOREMS HOLD ON ANY TERM STRUCTURE

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WHAT KIND OF THEOREMS CAN WE PROVE?

MAIN RESULT, II [LICS 2026]

(i) WITHIN TRAs, WE CAN DEFINE

- PARALLEL & SEQUENTIAL REDUCTION
- BIG-STEP SMALL-STEP OP. SEMANTICS
- APPLICATIVE (BI)SIMILARITY
- SEMANTIC EQUIVALENCES (KLEENE, CONTEXTUAL, ...)

EX. PARALLEL REDUCTION $a \Rightarrow \triangleq (a[\Delta] \vee \Delta)^{\dagger}$

MAIN RESULT, II [LICS 2026]

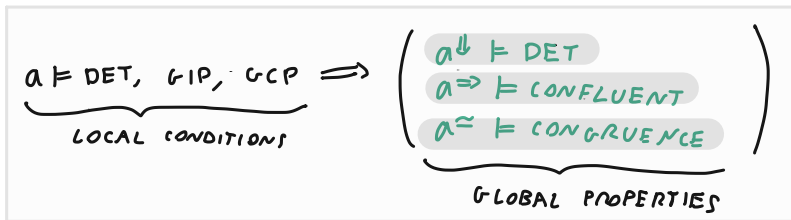
(ii) WE CAN MODEL FUNDAMENTAL SEMANTIC PRINCIPLES

- GENTZEN INVERSION PRINCIPLE
- GENTZEN CONSERVATION PRINCIPLE

Ex. (GIP) $a = \langle \bar{\Delta} \rangle; a$

MAIN RESULT, II [LICS 2026]

(iii) WE CAN PROVE FUNDAMENTAL METATHEOREMS



MAIN RESULT, II [LICS 2026]

(iii) APPLICATIONS TO

- λ -CALCULUS
- PCF
- $\Delta 2$
- $\lambda\pi$
- \mathcal{S} -CALCULUS
- $\Delta 2\mu$
- Δ -CALCULUS
- CL

Towards Coeffects

QUANTITATIVE & GRADED PREDICATES

$\Gamma \vdash t \triangleright T$	\rightsquigarrow	$\mathcal{R}. \Gamma \vdash t \triangleright [s] T$
$t \rightarrow s$	\rightsquigarrow	$t \rightarrow_{\varepsilon} s$
$\langle \sigma, t \rangle \Downarrow v$	\rightsquigarrow	$\langle \sigma, t \rangle \Downarrow_{[s_1 \dots s_n]} v$
$\phi \Vdash \psi$	\rightsquigarrow	$\phi \Vdash^w \psi$
$t \approx s$	\rightsquigarrow	$t \approx_{\varepsilon} (t, s)$
$p \Vdash \phi$	\rightsquigarrow	$p \Vdash_{\varepsilon} \phi$

Logical Predicates
on
Abstract Syntax \rightsquigarrow

LOGICAL PREDICATES
ON

RESOURCE-SENSITIVE ABSTRACT SYNTAX

CORE IDEA

(1) ALGEBRAS OF QUANTITATIVE RELATIONS

$$\cdot \text{Rel}(W) = \underbrace{\Omega^{W \times W}}_{\text{QUANTALE-VALUED METRICS}}$$

$$\cdot \text{Rel}(W) = \underbrace{P(W \times R \times W)}_{\text{WEIGHTED RELATIONS}}$$

RELATION ALGEBRAS

CONE IDEA

(2) ALGEBRAS OF QUANTITATIVE RELATIONS
OVER RESOURCE SYNTAX STRUCTURE

INTERNALISE THIS AS

GRADED RELATIONAL MODALITIES

$$[n+s](a; b) \leq [n]a ; [s]b$$

$$[n][s]a \leq [n+s]a$$

$$[n]\tilde{a} \leq \widetilde{[n]a}$$

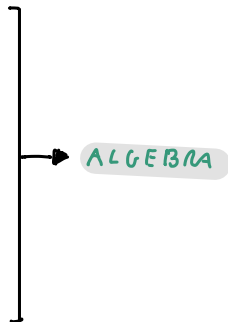
Conclusion

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 on
Abstract Syntax

$\forall t, s, T. (t \triangleright T \ \& \ t \rightarrow s) \supset s \triangleright T$
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 $\forall t, s. t \approx s \supset C[t] \approx C[s]$
 confluence, normalization
 type safety, congruence
 cut elimination , parametricity
 ...

Logical Properties
 (= Language Metatheory)



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Logical Predicates
 on
Abstract Syntax

Logical Properties
 (= Language Metatheory)

⋮
⤵

⋮
⤵

LOGICAL SYSTEMS

METATHEORY

FORMS OF JUDGMENTS

INFERENCE RULES



ALGEBRAIC SEMANTICS

