

# GENERALIZED INVERSE DIAGRAMS IN TRIBES

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Given a fibration category  $\mathcal{F}$  and a direct category  $C$ , there is a notion of Reedy fibrant diagram  $C \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$  and a corresponding notion of Reedy fibration between such diagrams, providing a fibration category structure on the category of such diagrams. If  $C$  is not assumed to be a direct category, it is still possible to endow the category  $\mathcal{F}^C$  with the structure of a fibration category (see [Rad06, Theorem 9.5.5]).

For tribes, which provide a categorical framework for models of type theory, the situation is different: it seems that a tribe structure on a category of diagrams  $\mathcal{T}^C$ , where  $\mathcal{T}$  is a tribe, has only been considered in the literature when  $C$  is an inverse category, in which case the notion of Reedy fibrancy can be used (see [KS19, Lemma 2.22]). However, some indexing categories of interest in the context of type theory include categories of semi-cubes, which corresponds to the notion of generalized Reedy category, a notion aiming at relaxing the definition of a Reedy category in order to allow non-identity isomorphisms (cf. [Cis+06] and [BM11]).

In this work ([Che26]), we provide a tribe structure on a subcategory of fibrant diagrams  $\mathcal{T}^R$ , assuming  $R$  to be a generalized inverse category satisfying some mild condition (categories of symmetric semi-cubes being a motivating example). Essentially, we have the following:

**Lemma 1.** *There exists an absolutely dense functor  $p : \mathbf{D}_R \rightarrow R$  from a (strictly) direct category (i.e., the precomposition functor  $p^* : \mathbf{Set}^R \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}^{\mathbf{D}_R}$  is fully faithful).*

**Definition 2.** A  $p$ -fibrations is defined to be a morphism  $m : F \rightarrow F'$  in  $\mathcal{T}^{R^{op}}$  such that  $p^*m$  is a Reedy fibration in  $\mathcal{T}^{\mathbf{D}_R^{op}}$ . We consider the full subcategory  $\mathcal{T}_f^{R^{op}} \subset \mathcal{T}^{R^{op}}$  of  $p$ -fibrant diagrams, equipped with the  $p$ -fibrations.

**Theorem 3.**  $\mathcal{T}_f^{R^{op}}$  enjoys the structure of a tribe.

## REFERENCES

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